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                       UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
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                           DISTRICT OF ARIZONA
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     Unknown Parties, et al.,
 5
                   Plaintiffs,
                                     ) 4:15-cv-00250-DCB
 6
              VS.
                                        Tucson, Arizona
 7
     Johnson, et al.,
                                       August 13, 2015
                                        9:30 a.m.
                   Defendants.
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11
                        TELEPHONIC MOTION HEARING
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                   BEFORE THE HONORABLE DAVID C. BURY
14
                       UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
                             405 W. CONGRESS
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                          TUCSON, ARIZONA 85701
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20
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23
             Proceedings Reported by Realtime Court Reporter
           Transcript prepared by computer-aided transcription
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3	For the Plaintiffs:
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5	425 Market Street 32nd Floor
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7	
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12	(Appearing telephonically)
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PROCEEDINGS 1 2 (Call to order of court, 9:30 a.m.) 3 CLERK: In the civil matter 15-250-DCB, Unknown 4 Parties, et al., versus Johnson, et al., on for a motion 5 hearing. 6 Counsel, please state your appearances. MR. McELHINNY: Good morning, Your Honor. This is 7 8 Harold McElhinny with Morrison and Foerster on behalf of the 9 plaintiffs. 10 THE COURT: Good morning. 09:32:13 MS. FABIAN: Good morning, Your Honor. This is Sarah 11 Fabian and Dillon Fishman on behalf of the defendants. 12 13 THE COURT: All right. So, counsel, why don't we have 14 one spokesperson per side. And when you say something, give 15 your name first. 16 Ms. Fabian, are you going to be the spokesperson? 17 MS. FABIAN: I will, Your Honor. 18 THE COURT: All right. So that will avoid any 19 confusion here on who is speaking. 20 This is a motion to -- the plaintiffs' motion for expedited 09:32:50 21 discovery. And there was some problem here in getting you a 22 hearing, I understand, and getting this matter resolved. I'm 23 sorry for that. But we'll see what we can do this morning. 24 I would like to -- well, first, Ms. Fabian, let me ask you

a question about the access to the secured areas. Is there any

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     reason why, since you want to view and take some photographs,
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     that presence would exceed ten minutes?
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              MS. FABIAN: Your Honor, I believe that might be a
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     question for the plaintiff to determine what they're actually
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     looking for.
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              THE COURT: Oh, I'm sorry.
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              MS. FABIAN: But I would say if their presence would
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     not exceed ten minutes, that would certainly minimize the
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     burden that the request would place on the facilities.
              THE COURT: I apologize. I got my cast of characters
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                                                                      09:34:00
     turned around.
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12
        Mr. McElhinny, would ten minutes in any secured area
     suffice?
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14
              MR. McELHINNY: Your Honor, I think that might be a
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     little bit short. And the reasons I say that are, A, in
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     addition to the photographs, we would like to take measurements
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     and, frankly, I'm not a photographer and I just don't know how
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     long it would take to set up and do that.
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              THE COURT: Well, I mean, measurements, don't they
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     have a floor plan that can be produced?
                                                                      09:34:31
21
              MR. McELHINNY: We don't know the answer to that, Your
22
     Honor.
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              THE COURT: Well, measurements would cover the entire
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     expanse of the area and be difficult to do. I can't imagine --
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Ms. Fabian, is there a floor plan that's available that would

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09:36:08

show or could the facility take measurements? I could see why that's needed. So we'll start there, but, secondly, how it's done and when doesn't seem -- I mean, it doesn't seem like plaintiffs ought to have their representatives in there, while detainees are there in the secured area, with some tape measure. I mean, that doesn't make any sense to me. Why can't we get around that?

MS. FABIAN: Your Honor, I would say -- I see no reason. I can certainly check with my clients on the floor plans. I imagine that those are there or that my clients would 09:35:39 be willing to take measurements.

I think all of this highlights that there are -- I think there are a number of ways, if we could be made to understand the information that plaintiff actually -- this is the first time that I'm understanding that they're looking for measurements. If we could understand the information that plaintiffs are in need of, I think there are a lot of ways we could talk about how we could provide that in ways other than access to the secure system -- the secured areas, and there are, in fact, tours available at -- which we had already offered to plaintiffs that would allow them to view the secured areas without actually entering the secured areas.

So there certainly are ways we could discuss, if plaintiffs identified the information they're looking for, ways we could discuss getting them that information. My clients are already

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beginning to look at days that we think they might be looking
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     for to see what we might be able to provide.
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              THE COURT: All right. Well, maybe you can gather by
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     my tone, I'm going to allow them to do certain expedited
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     discovery and so I appreciate your attitude of cooperation
 6
     here.
         But let's, since we're expediting all of this, and it would
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 8
     take time to have the plaintiffs file some detailed description
     of what they intend to do, let's right now, I can see an issue
     with secured areas as opposed to other areas, like a storage
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                                                                      09:37:05
11
     room or whatever. So let's isolate that for a moment.
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        And, Mr. McElhinny, what exactly -- now, let's back up a
1.3
     minute. You intend to do this at four separate facilities,
14
     correct?
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              MR. McELHINNY: That is correct, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: You intend to do the same thing at all
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     four facilities?
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              MR. McELHINNY: That is correct, Your Honor.
19
              THE COURT: One thing you would want to do is have
20
     access for, what, five representatives? I don't know why you
                                                                      09:37:41
21
     need five. Why do you need five?
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              MR. McELHINNY: We have three experts that we're
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     proposing. One of them is a -- is a, what I would call a
24
     classic detention expert, a jail conditions expert.
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THE COURT: A classic detention expert?

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              MR. McELHINNY: Well, as Your Honor knows, there have
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     been -- there's a large amount of litigation over jails and
 3
     custody, and there are experts in this field who are familiar
 4
     with the standards that are generally applied.
 5
              THE COURT: He's known as a classic expert?
 6
              MR. McELHINNY: You will find him a classic expert
 7
     when you meet him.
 8
              THE COURT: I gotcha. All right. Go ahead.
              MR. McELHINNY: The second one is a sanitarian and
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     that is a person who will opine over the -- obviously the
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                                                                      09:38:32
     sanitary conditions, whether or not the cells are clean, how
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12
     the bathrooms are maintained, whether or not drinking water is
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     available.
14
              THE COURT: Gotcha.
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              MR. McELHINNY: The third one is a medical expert
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     and -- slash nutritionist so we want to look at the food and
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     water that's available and the medical condition.
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              THE COURT: All right.
19
              MR. McELHINNY: And the examinations that are done
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     upon them. That's three people. The fourth person is the
                                                                      09:39:01
21
     photographer.
22
              THE COURT: Uh-huh.
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              MR. McELHINNY: And the other person is one lawyer on
24
     our side.
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THE COURT: Gotcha. All right. What would you intend

to do precisely in a so-called secured area of a detention facility?

MR. McELHINNY: The only thing specifically we needed to do were to take pictures of the -- of the holding cell itself, probably pictures of the bathroom itself, and if we can get some measurements -- again, I want to make sure, I'm just as eager to work this out. What I don't want to see happen obviously is, when we get before Your Honor on an injunction, challenges to the adequacy of the factual basis for expert opinions based on the fact that they didn't do things they should have done.

09:39:50

09:40:32

THE COURT: All right. Now, I'm trying to visualize here. Five people going into a secured area for ten minutes must not be a insurmountable problem, Ms. Fabian, because you have cleaning people go in there for the same period of time, right?

MS. FABIAN: Yes, Your Honor. I think ten minutes does sound like a reasonable amount of time. I would add, though, that -- and this is something I just don't know from my clients as far as photographs. Obviously the cells sound like there wouldn't be any law enforcement sensitive information there. There would be privacy concerns. We may have to work out issues with dealing with the proprietary of photographs of certain areas but what they've described so far, the cells and the bathrooms, I don't envision there being any problems.

I would say that it does beg the question if they're filing a preliminary injunction motion if photographs are necessary. We can certainly provide photographs of a representative cell area in a Border Patrol station and we have submitted a declaration with a description, you know, acknowledging that there's a half wall in the bathroom area. So there may still yet be other ways to obtain that information, but ten minutes otherwise does sound like a reasonable time.

THE COURT: All right. And four facilities sounds pretty reasonable as opposed to all eight, right, Fabian?

MS. FABIAN: Four facilities is doable, yes, Your

09:41:26

MS. FABIAN: Four facilities is doable, yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. And I'm going to assume that either you can provide a -- an accurate, current floor plan that shows all the measurements that may be of interest to the plaintiffs or that those measurements can be provided with someone's avowal that they took those measurements and they are accurate.

MS. FABIAN: Yes, Your Honor. I would suggest that doing the measurements that plaintiff needs would probably be the better way just because there may, again, be some law enforcement sensitive or security concerns with providing full floor plans but that's certainly something we can do.

THE COURT: Is that acceptable, Mr. McElhinny?

MR. McELHINNY: It is, Your Honor.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

09:42:11

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              THE COURT: All right. That takes care of the secured
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     areas.
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         Now, you want to be in each facility for a whole day? What
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     in the world -- so you're looking at food, sanitation -- well,
 5
     why do you need a whole day at each facility?
              MR. McELHINNY: How is my credibility working with you
 6
 7
     so far, Judge?
              THE COURT: Both of you are doing well so far.
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 9
              MR. McELHINNY: Our sanitarian wants to go through
10
     their garbage.
                                                                       09:42:56
11
              THE COURT: Really?
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              MR. McELHINNY: Really. Because one of those -- the
1.3
     classic ways that that -- experts on food in facilities in
14
     terms of whether it's edible, in terms of whether it's good, in
15
     terms of whether it's nutritious is they look at the amount
16
     that is thrown away.
17
              THE COURT: Hmm, cool.
18
              MR. McELHINNY: We want to look at the places where
19
     the food is prepared. We want to look at -- we want to look at
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     how dishes, bedding, if there is bedding, are stored. And we
                                                                       09:43:27
21
     want to look at the trash to see whether any of it's used or
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     whether it's thrown away.
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              THE COURT: So I'm hearing about an hour's worth of
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     time so far.
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MR. McELHINNY: In fairness, Your Honor, we asked for

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     a day because we thought that was a limited period. We don't
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     want to be there longer than we have to be.
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              THE COURT: What do you think, Ms. Fabian?
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              MS. FABIAN: Your Honor, certainly a shorter period is
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     obviously easier to accommodate. With regard to some of those
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     issues, I would say on the food, and I need to confirm this
     with the facilities, Border Patrol facilities tend to have
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 8
     contracts and so there are contracts that provide usually
     caloric requirements for the food that's delivered from
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     outside, outside companies. So I would need to find out a
                                                                      09:44:19
     little bit but if I could instead -- that we could provide,
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12
     that way we could provide more information about the food
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     rather than -- I just don't know that we have actual food prep
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     facilities at these areas.
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         With regard to some of those other things, they seem like
     things that would be doable in a relatively short period of
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17
            I would need to follow up with my clients and find out
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     the best way to do that.
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              THE COURT: Well, I can't see a problem if somebody
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     really wants to do that, going through garbage.
                                                                       09:44:52
21
         All right. What else? How come you need a whole day,
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    Mr. McElhinny?
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         Ms. Fabian, maybe we're getting into an argument over
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     nothing here. Is a whole day sufficient to you if, in good
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faith -- I can't imagine they're going to get in there and

waste a lot of time. In other words, they could finish this in a half a day and get out of there. But setting a specific time period other than just saying they can have access to so and so facility on a given date and leave it at one day, meaning to me, what, eight to five or something like that, we may be arguing about nothing here. They can probably do this in less than one day and get out.

MS. FABIAN: Your Honor, I think actually what's going to save time, what would be helpful is if we have a full list of the things they want to see. I agree with you, setting some time limit, an arbitrary time limit, makes senses and moves this forward. It's more understanding the things they want to see. What I imagine would be a challenge for my client is that, you know, they have access to the facility and poke into anything they'd like to see.

THE COURT: Yeah, I don't want there to be any more challenges so, Mr. McElhinny, what -- you better provide a list right now of what you want to do in each facility on our record here.

MR. McELHINNY: All right. We want to do the things that I have listed. And we want to measure the temperature.

THE COURT: Where and how? Do you know where and how you would want to do that? I mean, is that an actual secured area, I guess?

MR. McELHINNY: To a certain extent, Your Honor, I'm

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shooting in the dark here. My understanding, which we need to
confirm, is that the temperature is set for the entire building
and that it is consistent throughout the building. And if
that's true, then we don't need to be in the secured area.
                                                           Ιf
it turns out that there are -- that there's a separate
air-conditioning unit or availability in the secured area, then
we would like to find out what temperature is being set there.
         THE COURT: All right. You can do that. Go ahead.
        MR. McELHINNY: That is my list of inspections.
         THE COURT: Well, okay. So you want to look at the
                                                                09:47:34
garbage --
        MR. McELHINNY: I knew that would get your attention.
         THE COURT: Do they or do they not, Ms. Fabian, have
food preparation facilities here as opposed to a catered
situation where they bring in the food and take out the trays
kind of thing?
        MS. FABIAN: Your Honor, I can't confirm that
specifically for these four facilities. Generally the practice
of Border Patrol facilities is that the food is provided by a
food contract. And so there may be some limited prep area
                                                                09:48:11
where it's prepared for distribution, but my strong belief
would be that in these facilities we're going to find that the
food is simply brought in by an outside contractor.
        MR. McELHINNY: Sarah, this is one of the confusions.
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I think counsel is arguing in good faith based on what the

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     procedures and standards are supposed to be. We have
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     substantial question about whether or not those procedures and
 3
     standards are followed.
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              MS. FABIAN: I also -- I'll just add also that I have
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     been to a number of these facilities and that has been the case
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     in all the facilities. I'll also add that at each facility,
     the Border Patrol for each individual tracks the provision of
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 8
     meals and snacks and juice to each individual under it. So
     there are sort of set meal times and then meals provided at
     other times for individuals who may come sort of at off hours.
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                                                                      09:49:04
11
              THE COURT: And is that system documented?
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              MS. FABIAN: It is documented, Your Honor, and I have
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     talked to my clients about, you know, the ability to turn -- to
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     provide some of that information. We're already gathering that
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     information for the three named plaintiffs in anticipation that
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     that would be requested. To gather it for every individual is
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     obviously going to be -- would be a very time-consuming process
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     of pulling each record and then redacting other
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     immigration-type information, but it is documented.
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              THE COURT: All right. We'll get to the documents in
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21
     just a minute. Okay.
22
         What else on physical inspection of the facility,
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     Mr. McElhinny? Have you provided the list?
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MR. McELHINNY: I have provided the list, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. And is it fair that I hold you

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     to it?
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              MR. McELHINNY: That is fair, Your Honor; I expected
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     that.
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              MS. FABIAN: And to make sure that I have everything
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     so I can go to my clients and set that up, can I just list what
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     I understand the list would be: the garbage areas, food prep
     areas, if any, any bedding, I guess that would be if there's a
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     bedding storage area, or bedding present, and then a
     measurement of the temperatures; is that accurate?
              MR. McELHINNY: That is accurate. I'm sorry. That is 09:50:23
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     accurate. I think the question was for the secured areas.
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12
     Obviously, we want to inspect where initial -- where people are
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     initially taken, where the medical screening, if any, is done,
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     where the initial questioning is done before the person is put
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     in the secured facility. We want to be able to track what
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     happens to an immigrant from the time they arrive at the
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     station until the time that they leave.
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              THE COURT: That wasn't on your list before. I mean,
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     it's reasonable.
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              MR. McELHINNY: I'm sorry. I thought my list was
                                                                      09:51:02
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     while we were in the secured area.
              THE COURT: No, I was asking about the whole -- I
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23
     asked you about the secured area first and got from you what I
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     thought you wanted to do. Then I don't think they keep
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garbage, for example, in a secured area, so I was talking about

the rest of the facility. What exactly you want to do during this day's presence?

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MS. FABIAN: I would actually, in fact, Your Honor, flip that description back on plaintiffs and say that all of the things they're describing they'd like to view, that is what occurs in a secured area. That is where the aliens are held, their intake occurs, medical screening occurs. All of that occurs in the secured areas. The other things that they've just listed are the things that I understand are for -- I mean, for temperature, of course, occurs everywhere, but the rest of it really occurs outside the secured area, certainly the garbage.

09:51:53

THE COURT: Well, now they need more than ten minutes in the secured area, right?

MS. FABIAN: And that's, I think, Your Honor, the challenge that we've had is trying to discuss this with plaintiff and to understand what they need. I mean, to view an individual going through initial screening and initial processing, we have privacy concerns and, as you say, an individual could be going through processing for any number of hours, and at that stage we don't know if they're a gang member, if they're -- you know, there could be small children. So that process could take a long time and I agree that certainly would, if someone wanted to view the entire process of screening, would require access for a full day.

09:52:29

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It also would be a process of watching someone sitting and working with a border agent because I would be uncomfortable saying that they could really stay on top and listen to the process.

MR. McELHINNY: This is Harold McElhinny. I apologize if we misspoke. We don't want to follow any particular person, we just want to see the building.

MS. FABIAN: I would suggest a possible other solution, at least in part, is that there is the ability to access a -- it's more of an administrative oversight area where the supervisors stand in these facilities and from those areas there are windows but they're not actually in the secured areas. But they can view most of the secured area from that -- from those supervisors' separated area.

Now, there's some, I would say, lesser concerns with spending too much time in there because there's a lot of sensitive information and things can't get done in that area while other individuals are there, but it is another option. And that was the tour we had initially offered plaintiffs' counsel on our meet and confer is to see those unsecured areas and to access that area which would provide visual access to the secured area.

THE COURT: What about a -- in this ten minutes physically in the secured area where the detainees are, the walk-through for ten minutes with photographs, including rest

09:53:15

09:53:52

rooms, and then the balance of the time observation from this 1 2 window? 3 Mr. McElhinny, will that work? 4 MR. McELHINNY: That will work, Your Honor. Again, 5 I'm sorry I can't be more specific. I don't know how long it 6 will take the photographer to set up. 7 THE COURT: Okay. Now, I gotcha. But we're talking 8 -- Ms. Fabian, don't put a clock on them. I mean, you know, 9 we're talking roughly ten minutes. I mean, you know, if it's 15, well, it's no big deal. Let them get in and get out. 10 09:54:52 That's the -- that's the point we made, not to be so disruptive 11 12 to your process, not to violate any privacy privilege concerns, 1.3 and McElhinny knows that. So you accommodate him for around 14 ten minutes to be physically present in the secured area. Then 15 observation is -- if there's a window looking in, can they hear 16 what's being said? 17 MS. FABIAN: No, Your Honor. It's entirely separate 18 and it's really windowed in. I would describe it sometimes as 19 sort of a prow of a ship. It's sort of rounded and it sort of 20 overlooks the rounded facility around it. They're really able 09:55:52 21 to view the majority of the secured area but you cannot hear or 22 access that area. 23 THE COURT: From that window, for example, they're not

THE COURT: From that window, for example, they're not seeing any naked bodies or they're not looking into a rest room with somebody using the facility or something like that,

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     there's privacy concerns?
              MS. FABIAN: No, Your Honor. That would only be a
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 3
     concern if they were pointing actually into the back of the
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     cells. If they're doing that for photography reasons, we would
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     have that empty at that time.
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              THE COURT: All right. What else on your list, given
 7
     the entire facility?
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              MR. McELHINNY: That's my entire facility list, Your
 9
    Honor.
              THE COURT: All right. So that -- all that can be
                                                                      09:56:33
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11
     done, right? Ms. Fabian?
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              MS. FABIAN: That sounds good based on the information
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    we've been provided, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Now, let's talk about the documents. Have
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     any documents been -- not that they had to be or should be, but
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     have any documents been produced so far?
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              MS. FABIAN: No, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: All right. So you wanted to photograph
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19
     the holding cells, facilities, produce documents to show
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     current detainee inprocessing and detention practices and
                                                                      09:57:13
    procedures. And that would be for -- what is that,
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22
    Mr. McElhinny, is that a -- is that a manual kind of a thing
23
     you're talking about, a series of operating procedures?
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              MR. McELHINNY: Ironically, Your Honor, we're sort of
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     shooting in the dark because it's my information, actually,
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that the Border Patrol and the government keep most of these documents confidential and don't make them public. We have provided to you examples of redacted versions that we have found on the Internet or that came to us as a result of a -
THE COURT: Oh, yeah.

MR. McELHINNY: But what we would like -- and, again, to give you a little bit of a background here, there's a parallel case going on we brought to your attention, the Flores case, and that's a unique case but it deals with a settlement agreement and it deals with infants.

09:58:15

And Judge Gee in the federal district just issued an order there and the government's response to that has been to come in and say: We want a rehearing because the regulations have all changed. The facts -- you didn't get the facts right. So we don't want that kind of a problem here.

And what we're seeking on the manual side is a complete set of what the government concedes are the standards and regulations that govern all aspects of running these detention facilities.

MS. FABIAN: Your Honor, if I could respond briefly to some of that. I think the <u>Flores</u> case is completely -- it's not applicable here. <u>Flores</u> is about a contract -- it's not about -- it's an agreement and it has nothing to do with the constitutional claims the plaintiffs are making here so any order by Judge Gee -- and the government's response with regard

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to the Border Patrol facilities in <u>Flores</u> was to say: Judge Gee's finding are limited to Texas, and then for any nationwide ruling we need to have -- engage in more discovery. So I think that's just not relevant to what we're looking at here.

I would say with regard to the manuals, that it might be -our suggestion would be, and this is what we've tried to ask

plaintiff during the meet and confer, if plaintiff can identify

-- we have five areas where plaintiffs have raised claims. And
those five areas are very specific, you know, food,

temperature, availability of bedding. If plaintiff can tell us
things that they might need or information -- and I understand
we're still talking about for a preliminary injunction --

09:59:48

THE COURT: Right.

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MS. FABIAN: -- we're not talking about discovery, so if plaintiffs tell us what information their experts rely on and that would be the standard for looking at the experts in making our assessment of those five areas, that we have always been willing to work with plaintiffs and find out what information we have that would give them the information they need.

10:00:18

I imagine in a preliminary injunction they're not trying to get all of the information, they just need something that would show their experts what they need to make their opinions. And we are -- have been and remain willing to discuss sort of citing that information, if they can tell us what information

their experts need.

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MR. McELHINNY: In fairness, Your Honor, this is not something we should have to shoot in the dark and try to guess what documents are out there. These agents act under control of a set of regulations, manuals, written directives. I don't know what they are but, in theory, the government does -- in theory, the chief Border Patrol officer for the Tucson sector knows what regulations apply to these detention facilities that cover all of the aspects of a detainee's good health and well keeping and humane treatment. And it should not be two seconds of a burden for that chief agent to turn around at his or her desk and pull those governing manuals that they refer to every day and produce them. I'm supposed to guess what written directives have come that govern? I can't do that.

THE COURT: Except one thing she's saying is that there are specific allegations in the complaint and maybe you're entitled only to those portions of any manual or regulations that pertain to those specific allegations.

Are you in agreement with that?

MR. McELHINNY: I'm willing to agree to that for this point. But, again, I don't think that's real in this sense.

Our allegations cover the fact that they are overcrowding people in a holding facility, that they are not providing them food and water, that they are not providing them medical screening, that they are keeping them beyond the time limits

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set for particular facilities.

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THE COURT: Yeah, you make all those allegations, right?

MR. McELHINNY: I do, Your Honor. And so, I mean, if Your Honor -- I mean, if they want to take the time to pull out of their regulations the sections that cover all of our allegations, for now I guess that's okay. I'm not sure that makes sense.

MS. FABIAN: Well, Your Honor, if I can be heard on some of those points. There are broad allegations in the complaint regarding those areas. I would point the Court, though, to the five constitutional claims the plaintiffs raise, which are much more specific. None of those really directly address overcrowding in cells or the time, other than they sort of tangentially address those. And I think you'll see -- our motion to dismiss this case under Rule 12 is due tomorrow and we'll be filing that and I think our position is, really, the allegations made by the named plaintiffs, you don't see really any of those claims that plaintiffs are now making.

And so when the Court has the opportunity to rule on these motions, which will be fully briefed and before the Court in 22 days from now after we file our motion tomorrow, I think these issues are going to significantly narrow. And so I would be -- it is not be -- actually, our position is that they will be fully resolved because there's not going -- this case is

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1 going to be moot after the Court rules on those motions. 2 think --3 THE COURT: Before I forget, have you got any 4 jurisdictional challenge? 5 MS. FABIAN: We do, Your Honor. Our position would be that class certification is not appropriate in this case. 6 7 There are individualized claims, so asserting whether any 8 individual plaintiff, individual alien has experienced a constitutional violation with regard to the conditions that he or she experienced, it's really an individualized analysis, and 10 you'll see that in the cross verification motion that's fully 11 briefed now and before the Court. 12 And then what we raised in our motion to be filed tomorrow 1.3 14 is that, in that case, the causes of action for the named 15 plaintiffs are moot because none of the named plaintiffs are in 16 Border Patrol custody at this time and none of them allege any 17 more than a passing theory that they may return to Border 18 Patrol custody and so that would moot their claim to the extent 19 -- and because they are seeking injunctive relief with regard 20 to the conditions at Border Patrol. 10:04:51 21 THE COURT: McElhinny? 22 MR. McELHINNY: Your Honor, this is -- again, this is 23 pretty standard. We're here today -- I mean, this is actually 24 happening every night in these facilities. It continues to

happen. There were no denials in the papers about the way

people --

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THE COURT: It's not happening to the named plaintiffs.

MR. McELHINNY: Your Honor, again, when we get to the mootness issue, which you will see, in hundreds of these cases in the Ninth Circuit, when you're dealing with temporary holding facilities in which the turnover is quick, the courts routinely find the mootness doctrine doesn't apply because of what's happening at the time that the complaint was filed is a case where it's capable of repetition. It's a case where there's strong public issues, public interest issues, and the courts won't let the government get out of these kinds of claims by turning people -- the named plaintiffs over quickly. The mootness almost never works in these cases. We have strong authority on that. We will get there. We may get there when we come before you on the preliminary injunction.

THE COURT: All right. I forgot where we were.

MR. McELHINNY: Well, that's the point. The point is what we want to be able to do is to make a record before you as to what is actually happening every night in these cells.

Because once you see that, you will stop it. I'm sorry. And in order to do that, in order to do that, we would like an agreed set -- we would like the government to take a position about what they are required to do by their own regulations by

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turning over a complete set to us.

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THE COURT: Well, of course, I don't know what is out there in terms of is there a single manual, are we talking about a truckload of documents here? I mean, I'm having a hard time thinking that this is so burdensome, Ms. Fabian, if it's a question of a single manual with some representation about the effective date of the provisions and regulations, why that can't be easily produced with perhaps a protective order in place as to what plaintiffs can do with that manual.

Honor, the words that were given here are regulations and manuals. I mean, regulations that cover Border Patrol are found in the Code of Federal Regulations, so the -- when we're talking about manuals again, are they asking for a manual -- they're talking about intake procedures, and the only claim I see in their complaint that remotely addresses intake

MS. FABIAN: And I'd say with all due respect, Your

But to the extent that we broadly read their claims, there's no medical intake procedures, there's -- if they're asking for a manual on medical intake procedures, that's certainly something I could identify and talk to my client about what governs that.

procedures is whether there is medical processing, and even

that it's not really clear how that relates.

If we're just talking about a manual that governs all things that Border Patrol do in their facilities, I think that's just overly broad and it really doesn't address the

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claims that exist in this case.

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I would also note that no named plaintiff alleges that he or she had any medical injury when they entered the facility.

The only one who alleges any injury is an abrasion on her foot, and there's no further allegations about that causing any harm.

So our challenge is, to be asked to sort of say give us all manuals that govern everything you do, it is a broad request and it seems that we're -- we're early in the case, we're procedurally premature here when we're talking about a preliminary injunctive motion. If they want information for their experts, their experts know what information they rely on and we're happy to try to provide that.

10:09:19

THE COURT: Well, CFR notwithstanding, is there or is there not a book, whether you call it a manual or whatever it is, is there a book of procedures maintained at the facility that directs and dictates how inmates are to be housed and processed? Is there or isn't there?

MS. FABIAN: I don't know the answer to that specifically, Your Honor. I do know, and plaintiffs referenced in their complaint and provide, there is the handbook of -- and I don't have the name in front of me right now, but there is the sort of hold room procedures manual that has -- we have -- understand plaintiffs have a copy of. But that is not -- but is there a manual in each facility that governs all operations of that facility? I don't know the answer to that. I don't

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believe so. But I don't know the answer. We can certainly ask our clients if there's a single manual that governs operations at the facility.

But they do already have that procedures manual. If there's portions of it that are redacted that they have specific questions on, we can certainly -- I just, I don't know the availability of that otherwise.

THE COURT: Well, is this too broad for you, that the defendants produce any written directives or regulations followed and maintained by the detention centers pertaining to any and all specific allegations in the complaint?

MS. FABIAN: Your Honor, the --

THE COURT: Did you just say there are any or there aren't any? I mean, with respect to, you know, when they go to the bathroom. There isn't any such. You know, whether the lights are on all night, there aren't any such directives or written policies. What's wrong with that?

MS. FABIAN: The only change I'd ask for, Your Honor, is rather than the allegations contained in the complaint, because there's a 56-page complaint that has a lot of allegations that are not grounded actually in alleged fact, they're simply sort of broad-based allegations, so I think our position would be that that might be doable if we based it in the five areas in which plaintiffs have raised constitutional claims rather than broadly saying, "the allegations in the

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complaint".

MR. McELHINNY: But with all due respect, Your Honor, you can see now a little bit about what we're up against here. Exhibit A to the Cole declaration in support of our motion is a memorandum which is redacted heavily but the subject is hold rooms and short-term custody. It was issued by the Customs and Border Protection on June 2, 2008. Exhibit B is a book called CPB Security Policy and Procedures Handbook, again redacted, issued August 13, 2009.

It's not that difficult and counsel is trying to make it sound complicated and difficult and is trying to win her motion to dismiss on this discovery motion and we just think it -- it's going to be much easier if they just give us the memos.

THE COURT: I'm trying to hold passion to a minimum here. Let's back up.

Why don't you, Mr. McElhinny, describe right now for our record a concise description of what you want in this category, that category being manuals and standard operating procedures.

MR. McELHINNY: I would like the current version of any memorandum that sets out procedures for hold rooms and short-term custody and a current version of a security policy and procedures handbook for detention. And any written memoranda that have been issued to supervising agents that govern feeding, medical screening, sleeping, temperature. That's my list.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

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THE COURT: All right. Ms. Fabian, why can't you do 1 2 that? 3 MS. FABIAN: Can I ask is that for the four facilities 4 that we're talking about now for the purposes of this 5 preliminary injunction motion? THE COURT: Yes. 6 7 MR. McELHINNY: Your Honor, if I may, this is, again, 8 where the government, unfortunately, in the Flores case, the chief officer of the Rio Grande Valley issued -- submitted a declaration to Judge Gee in which he testified under oath that 10 10:14:37 the Border Patrol provides -- applies the same standards and 11 12 procedures in all areas of the Border Patrol area. That's what 1.3 he said under oath. Now that they lost that case, they're 14 taking the position that they may be different in the Rio 15 Grande Valley. 16 But if there is a procedure that governs the Tucson sector, 17 I would like to be able to get that, even if it doesn't call 18 out one of the specific four facilities. 19 MS. FABIAN: Your Honor, I would just respond, I did 20 help with the preparation of that declaration and I don't have 10:15:13 21 the exact wording in front of me, but I can say that there are 22 several policies and procedures that apply to the Border Patrol 23 in all sectors. There are also things, like temperature, you 24 can imagine, doesn't apply nationwide because in Minnesota

we're going to have different temperatures than we need in the

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Rio Grande Valley. So in -- and we're talking here about very
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     specific conditions.
         And so I am in good faith saying that I just would want to
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     make sure if we're talking about those four facilities, that
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     there might be nationwide or broader policies that apply and
     there might also be building specific or just sector specific
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     information that applies. I don't believe it's accurate to say
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     that we're backing out from Flores. I understand all the
     challenges with Flores and I'm intimately aware of them but it
     is a different case and it does involve -- it was, in fact, a
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                                                                      10:16:07
     lot of the separations involved the surge on the southwest
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     border last year and that's not something that as a state we're
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     facing in Arizona. So there may be some differences in the
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     policies, and that's all I'm trying to clarify.
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              MR. McELHINNY: Let me be helpful. Let's say that the
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     wording is any policies that apply to these four stations.
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              THE COURT: That's fair. All right. You understand
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     is you've got to -- you got a grip, Ms. Fabian, on his list?
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              MS. FABIAN: I do, Your Honor. I think, hopefully,
     that's all the information they're seeking here.
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              THE COURT: If either one of you have a problem with
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     it, you can call Cindy, my court reporter, and have it read
23
     back to you.
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              MS. FABIAN: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor.
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THE COURT: All right. The next category is all logs

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-- all logs and systems for tracking compliance with detention standards over the past six months, including any manuals or guidance as well as maintenance logs, supply logs, blah, blah, blah. That's pretty broad.

And, Ms. Fabian, have you dealt with that category yet?

MS. FABIAN: No, Your Honor, except to say, as I said before, there are, you know, certainly -- well, with regard to two of the areas that the plaintiffs have raised claims, the medical and food, that information is contained by each individual file and I have asked my clients to go ahead and start preparing those for the named plaintiffs, which would be something we could turn over.

In terms of a six-month time period, the challenges are obviously there are thousands of individuals who go through these facilities and each file would have to be pulled and redacted. So it's not something that is not possible, it's something that -- the narrower scope is -- I mean, we're talking -- the legal issues will be keyed up for the Court in 22 days. If we're doing things faster than that at this stage, then I just -- the smaller the scope, the more likely we can get material, but it would be sort of filed based on individuals.

Those are the only logs that I'm aware of at this time. I can certainly follow up with my client on others, but those two areas, medical and food, are the two areas that I'm familiar

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1 with. THE COURT: Well, Mr. McElhinny, you weren't 2 requesting all these logs for every prisoner or detainee in the 3 4 last six months, were you? 5 MR. McELHINNY: Again, let me step back, Your Honor. 6 I don't know what logs they maintain. And so what I'm coming 7 at this is an element of proof. I want to be able to prove to 8 you for some period of time that's current how many detainees were kept in a holding cell that is intended to be used for no more than 12 hours. And how many people were kept there for 10 10:19:21 11 days at a time without meals, without bedding, and without 12 showers. THE COURT: Yeah, that's not -- that's a different 1.3 14 kind of a log, isn't it? That would be a log showing, say, on 15 any given night how many people were in the -- were being detained, right? 16 17 MR. McELHINNY: That doesn't tell me that but it 18 doesn't tell me when they came in and when they left. So, yes, 19 if they have 100 people in a cell that is designed for, you 20 know, 40, that's a problem. But if they have one person in 10:20:03 21 that cell, as we have alleged in declarations, for a week at a 22 time without a shower and without a regular meal, that's a 23 different problem. THE COURT: Well, what's wrong with limiting this to 24

the three named plaintiffs and the specific dates they were

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detained, you get all that information on those dates, and with respect to those individuals. For example, if on February 22nd, plaintiff so and so was detained there for 20 hours, to provide the logs for that date for that plaintiff, but showing how many prisoners were detained that date and, et cetera. I mean, to go beyond that, you are getting into a very burdensome production, at least at this stage.

MR. McELHINNY: In fairness, Your Honor, we don't know that because we don't know what they have. We don't know, for example, if they maintain a log that simply says this is the number of people we kept for more than 12 hours. Because we don't know if they have the log exceptions to their standards.

THE COURT: Well --

They may have, you know, a list of --

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MR. McELHINNY: -- problems or violations. We just don't know that. The problem with the specifics that you've recommended is, one, our plaintiffs, we have a currency problem, which is, as we've now seen, when you go in with a fixed date, the government takes the position that that's -- all that information was outdated. You started here, that that happened during the surge. It's not a real problem. It's not continuing. You don't need injunctive relief. For our injunction motion, we would like to get you current information.

MS. FABIAN: And to respond to that, Your Honor, I

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would say the injunction motion, from what it sounds like, they want the injunction that would enter the ultimate relief in this case and they want to fully prove up their case before these legal issues have been resolved.

We have the named plaintiffs, we don't have a certified class, and we understand that we're -- we understand the need for sort of viewing the records of the named plaintiffs and, like I said, if we -- I offered -- I offered plaintiffs before, we keep logs of the temperature or we could keep a log of the temperature for a week, and that's certainly something we can do in the other areas. And the medical records, as I said, are kept by individual and that's a challenge and raises some privacy concerns as well.

On the other claims, I can look and see if there are straightforward logs that are kept. We've already submitted a declaration that does talk about the lighting. We've acknowledged that the lights are kept on for operational purposes given the nature of the facility. We have submitted a declaration about the availability of bedding at the facility, that that's another operational reality of these short-term facilities. So some of this information we've submitted our own declaration acknowledging the factual scenarios and we contend that these aren't constitutional violations, as you'll see in our motion, but we --

MR. McELHINNY: This is the problem, Your Honor, I

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have. It seems logical to me that these institutions have a record of when detainees were fed. And it seems illogical to me that that's going to be of some individual detainee's record because they're going to have notes of deliveries, they're going to have contracts, they're going to have documents that say what the food was. And, you know, I worked in an institution myself. They have -- they have hourly logs that show what is happening in the institution on a general basis. They have to have those.

MS. FABIAN: And I think that --

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MR. McELHINNY: But we can't narrow this because we're not getting any help from the government at all other than wait until all of our motions are decided months from now.

THE COURT: Well, what about logs for these plaintiffs on those days and a log that would show the number of prisoners, when and what they were fed on today's date?

MS. FABIAN: Your Honor, I did look into this question -- just to help out with this one, I did look into the question of whether there was a facility-wide log of feeding, as I mentioned before, and I need to check with the specific facilities. There are contracts for the food provision, and those contracts, my understanding, is they're basic caloric requirements for an individual. I don't know if the contracts also have timing.

The reason food is tracked on an individual basis is

because individuals are coming and going from these facilities at all times and if there's a regular schedule, someone might end up being held and not being fed for a significant period of time. So individuals are fed at Q four hours of entry into the facility and that may be off the schedule.

All that said, I am aware that at Tucson station there is

-- I could track on a given day what time the meals -- the

regular meal service occurred and that wouldn't -- that

wouldn't account for individuals who may have come and gone at

different hours and been fed at different hours for various

operational reasons. But I could, at Tucson station, on a

given day tell you what time the regular meal service and

snacks were provided. I do know that.

THE COURT: I heard you talking about cell occupancy

MR. McELHINNY: I'm not, Your Honor. I'm talking about the fact that they stay there for three days without getting food.

for the most part, Mr. McElhinny.

MS. FABIAN: And there's no allegation --

MR. McELHINNY: And the government, if I understand it, has just said that other than in Tucson, they do not have records of when individuals are fed.

MS. FABIAN: I'm sorry if that answer was unclear. We have records for all individuals. In Tucson station -- and I don't know that it's not the case in the other stations, that's

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the only one that's gotten back to me in the short time frame I have here -- is in Tucson station they can tell me also on a given day what time the general meal service is.

At all stations for any individual I could pull a record of the times that that individual received food and what they received and whether they refused meal service. So that record is available for all individuals. But facility-wise, the only one I'm aware of is that it's available at Tucson. It's not to say I can't find out if it's available at the other stations.

THE COURT: Well --

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MR. McELHINNY: The problem with the specific -- the problem with the specific dates, Your Honor, of course, is they may conform to that date.

MS. FABIAN: I can certainly see if it's available for a date last week or -- I don't know that. I'm trying to remember the way it was explained to me but I can certainly see if there's -- you pick a date relatively recently, I can certainly see if we have records for that given date. But I can ask my client.

THE COURT: You're tending to lose me here just because we're starting to get kind of vague on what you want. And so you're going to have to do a little better. I just offered a compromise to limit this to the plaintiffs and their detention dates and to pick at random another date.

MR. McELHINNY: May I -- may I propose this, Your

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Honor, which is even less burdensome?
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              THE COURT: All right.
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              MR. McELHINNY: The government produce a list of which
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     logs they maintain on a daily basis in these institutions, just
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     the list.
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              THE COURT: Well, what are you going to do with it
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     after that?
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              MR. McELHINNY: Well, if we get a list that says
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     extraordinary circumstances, if there's a list of departations
     from standards, for example, if there's a narrow list that
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                                                                      10:28:40
     turns out that there's a log that is more narrow than is
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     entered on each individual's file, then we may come back to you
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     for that. But if there isn't, then we're done.
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              MS. FABIAN: I just --
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              MR. McELHINNY: I can't be more specific with you
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     because I don't know what logs they keep.
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              THE COURT: Sounds good to me.
              MS. FABIAN: And I just want to clarify. You mean
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     logs that would relate to the claims that plaintiffs are
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     raising in the case? And I only ask because I don't know what
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     logs are out there. If there's -- the way --
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              THE COURT: They're not asking you --
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              MS. FABIAN: Logs in these areas?
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              THE COURT: No. He's not asking you to produce the
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logs, he's asking you to produce a list of logs maintained.

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              MS. FABIAN: Of all logs, okay.
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              THE COURT: Yeah.
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              MS. FABIAN: I can ask my client about that.
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              THE COURT: All right. So we're going to do all this.
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              MR. McELHINNY: I've got one other thing, Your Honor,
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     and it's sort of the crown jewel if I can raise it.
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              THE COURT: Go ahead.
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              MR. McELHINNY: I am told that the government has
     maintained, and we have specifically asked them to maintain --
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     actual videotapes of the holding cells.
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                                                                      10:29:54
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              THE COURT: All right.
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              MR. McELHINNY: So they show at any particular period
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     of time how many people were in there, what the sleeping
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     accommodations were; an actual recorded video history of what
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    has happened in those holding facilities.
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              THE COURT: Gotcha, but you're talking about on what
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     dates?
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              MR. McELHINNY: I'll take them for the last three
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             I would like them for six months but I'll take them for
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     the last -- I don't know whether they changed in response to
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     our complaint. I'll take them for a month. There's no burden
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     here. The burden is us having to go through them. They're
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     videotapes; they're just stored.
              THE COURT: That's certainly a reasonable request,
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Ms. Fabian.

MS. FABIAN: I need to find -- I don't know the way they're maintained. I don't know -- I would need to find out more information about what we actually have. But I can find out what we would be able to produce on that subject. I just don't know whether they're -- in what manner they're maintained or how difficult it would be to actually download it and provide those.

THE COURT: All right. I'm glad you mentioned that.

I'm going to order the defendants not to record or record over or otherwise destroy any such surveillance tapes presently in their possession and to preserve those which are presently in their possession which have not been recorded over or otherwise destroyed.

You understand that?

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MS. FABIAN: Yes, Your Honor. And I would ask if we could -- if you could put that in a regular order that comes out just so I have the exact -- the other side can call your court reporter. If that can be in any written order so that I can specifically provide Your Honor's language to my client, that would be helpful. I can certainly call the court reporter if that's too much to ask but I just want to make sure that I get the exact request from Your Honor to my client.

THE COURT: All right. We've got two things now to produce. One is a list of logs; two is a list of video surveillance tapes.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

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How long do you need to produce those lists?
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              MS. FABIAN: Your Honor, I would ask for two weeks
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     just because it will take some time to consult with my clients
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     and we're talking about four facilities that sort of operate
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     with different management. So if I could have two weeks to do
 6
     that, that would be --
              THE COURT: Well, no, because I'm only going to give
 7
 8
     you 22 days to comply with all of this.
 9
              MS. FABIAN: Okay.
              THE COURT: So what is today anyway? Oh, Thursday,
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                                                                      10:32:50
     the 13th. You provide those lists, Ms. Fabian, on or before
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     close of business on Thursday, August the 20th, and accommodate
     the plaintiffs with respect to all other discovery that we have
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14
     discussed today within 22 days of tomorrow's date. Those
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     22 days include holidays and weekends, okay?
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              MS. FABIAN: Okay, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Anything else? I'm going to get you some
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     kind of a written order but it's -- to be cautious here, if
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     there's some significant dispute as to what you said or what I
20
     said, you should contact Cindy, okay?
                                                                      10:33:53
21
              MS. FABIAN: Okay, Your Honor.
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              MR. McELHINNY: Your Honor, may I put one other thing
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     on the record?
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              THE COURT:
                          Sure.
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MR. McELHINNY: There are privacy issues in this case;

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we understand that those have to be protected. We understand a
protective order is probably needed. And up until we have that
protective order agreed to and in place from Your Honor, we
will agree to an attorney's eyes only usage of all of this. We
may not feel that's appropriate but we don't want any of this
held up over negotiations over a protective order.
         THE COURT: You want to propose and submit a
protective order, Ms. Fabian?
         MS. FABIAN: I can certainly do that, Your Honor.
can tell you that the concerns that we have that is without a
                                                                10:34:50
class certified, we're looking at providing records for
individuals who are not class members or not otherwise
represented by the attorneys, but we can see what language
might be able to work with those issues. I mean, we can also
see about redacting names and identifying information that
might also cover that issue.
         THE COURT: Gotcha. Okay, counsel? Our hour is up.
         MR. McELHINNY: Nothing further, Your Honor.
         THE COURT: All right. Thank you very much.
         MS. FABIAN: Thank you, Your Honor.
                                                                10:35:27
         THE COURT: All right. Good-bye.
         MR. McELHINNY: Thank you, Your Honor.
    (Whereupon, the matter was concluded at 10:35 a.m.)
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1	CERTIFICATE
2	
3	I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript
4	from the record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter.
5	
6	/s Cindy J. Shearman August 13, 2015 CINDY J. SHEARMAN, RDR, CRR DATE
7	CINDI O. SHEARMAN, RDR, CRR DATE
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